# The Systems Biology Workbench (SBW) Version 1.0: Framework and Modules

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#### Introduction

Progress in molecular biotechnology has fueled an explosion in the development of software tools.

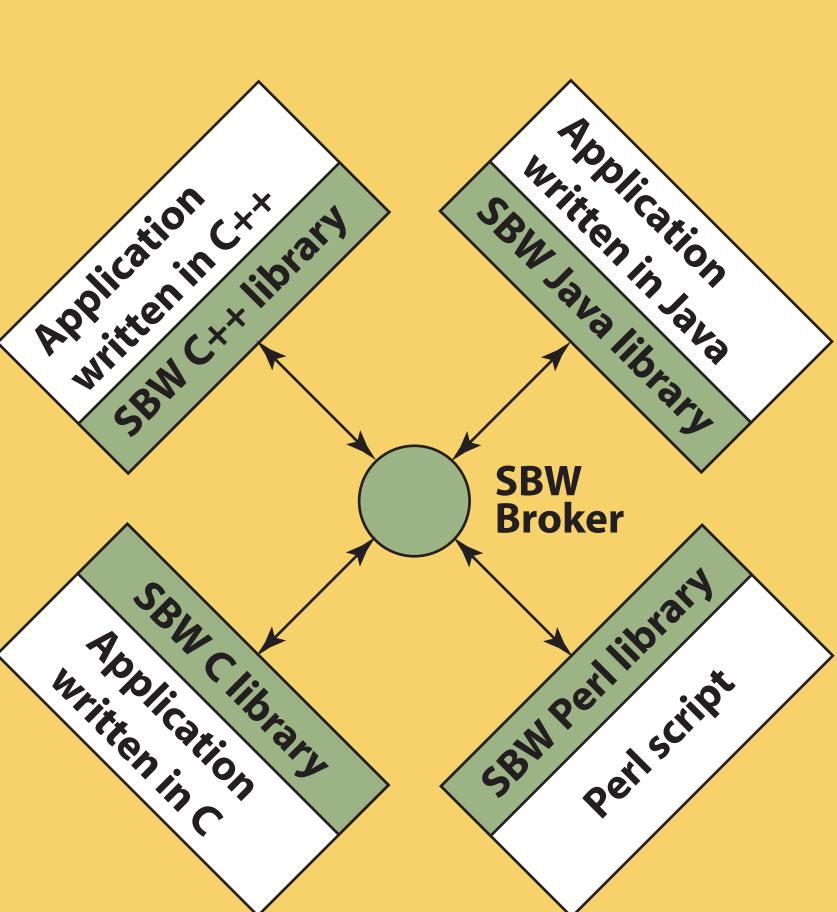
Regrettably, developers often end up recreating similar facilities in separate software packages.

In an effort to make it more attractive for developers to share rather than reimplement resources, we have implemented the Systems Biology Workbench (SBW), a free, open-source, application integration environment. Our goal has been to create a framework simple enough that software authors find it easier to provide an SBW interface than to recreate functionality available in other tools. By doing so, we hope developers can concentrate on creating best-of-breed solutions in their areas of expertise.

#### **What Does SBW Provide?**

SBW provides libraries for enabling applications to learn about and communicate with each other. The applications may be running on separate computers.

SBW lets heterogeneous packages connect to each other using a **remote procedure call** mechanism based on a message-passing network protocol. The interfaces to SBW are encapsulated in client libraries for different languages.



The SBW Broker
starts applications
on demand,
and coordinates
communications
on a given
computer.

A Broker is started automatically for the user if one is not running when the first SBW application starts.

#### **Features of SBW Version 1.0**

- Languages supported: C, C++, Delphi, Java, Perl, and Python.
- Windows (98, 2000, XP) and Linux supported, with MacOS X planned in the near future.
- Secure, distributed operation via SSH, featuring remote startup of brokers and applications.
- CORBA gateway for bidirectional communication between SBW-based apps and CORBA-based apps.
- Collection of basic applications provided with the SBW distribution, including:
  - A simple **stochastic simulator** based on the Gibson-Bruck variant of the Gillespie algorithm
  - An SBML-to-MATLAB ODE & Simulink translator
  - An **SBML reader tool** that allows a program to extract (via an API) components of an SBML model
  - A "clipboard" module that stores an SBML model description, and allows the easy transfer of models between separate modules
  - A "browser" module that allows querying SBW for registered modules and producing descriptions of each module's interface in Java or CORBA IDL
  - A simple **plotting module** for time-series data
  - A generic simulation control GUI interface.
  - A collection of tutorial example modules in C,
     C++, Delphi and Java
- Extensive documentation—in addition to overview documents and published papers, every language library has its own programmer's manual and API reference.

# SBW in Action: A Sample Session

Here is an example of using several SBW-enabled tools to create and simulate a two-compartment model of a hypothetical single-gene oscillatory circuit.

In this highly simplified model, there is a gene G which encodes its own repressor and is transcriptionally activated at a constant rate, Vi.

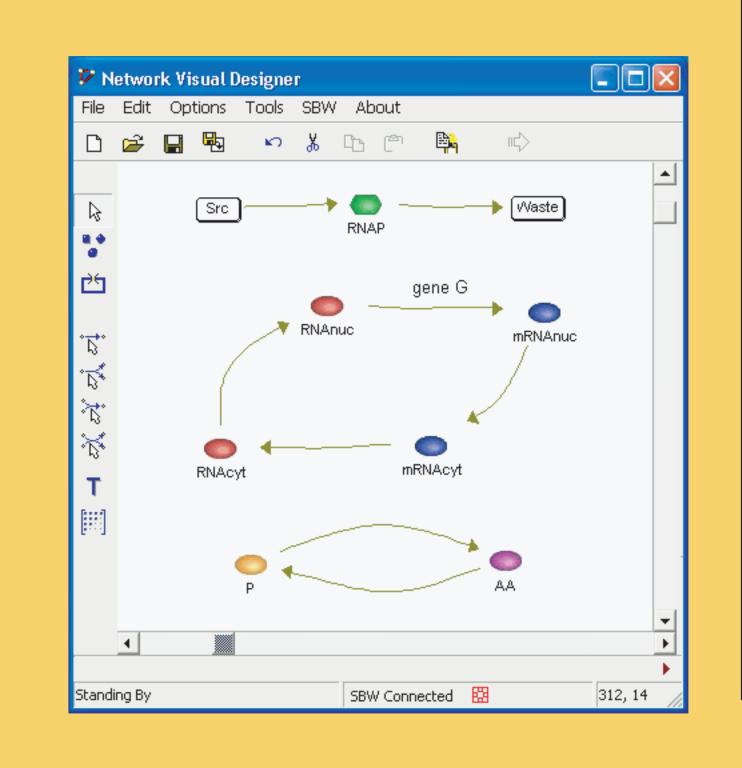
Transcriptional activation of a gene G (which normally involves many enzymatic reactions) is summarized here as the production of active *RNAP* from source material, *src*,

and degradation to waste. Transcribed mRNA is then transported from the nucleus into the cytoplasm, where it is translated into the product P from constituent amino acids AA and where it is also subject to degradation.

Reaction	Rate
$src \rightarrow RNAP$	$rac{V_i}{1+P/K_i}$
$RNAP \rightarrow waste$	$V_{kd} \cdot \mathit{RNAP}$
$RN\!A_{nuc}  ightarrow m\!RN\!A_{nuc}$	$rac{V_{m1} \cdot \textit{RNAP} \cdot \textit{RNA}_{nuc}}{K_{m1} + \textit{RNA}_{nuc}}$
$mRNA_{nuc}  ightarrow mRNA_{cyt}$	$k_1 \cdot \textit{mRNA}_{nuc}$
$mRNA_{cyt}  ightarrow RNA_{cyt}$	$rac{V_{m2} \cdot \textit{mRNA}_{cyt}}{\textit{mRNA}_{cyt} + \textit{K}_{m2}}$
$ extit{RNA}_{cyt}  ightarrow  extit{RNA}_{nuc}$	$k_2 \cdot \mathit{RNA}_{cyt}$
AA  o P	$rac{V_{m3} \cdot \textit{mRNA}_{cyt} \cdot \textit{AA}}{\textit{AA} + \textit{K}_{m3}}$
P  o AA	$rac{V_{m4} \cdot P}{P + K_{m4}}$

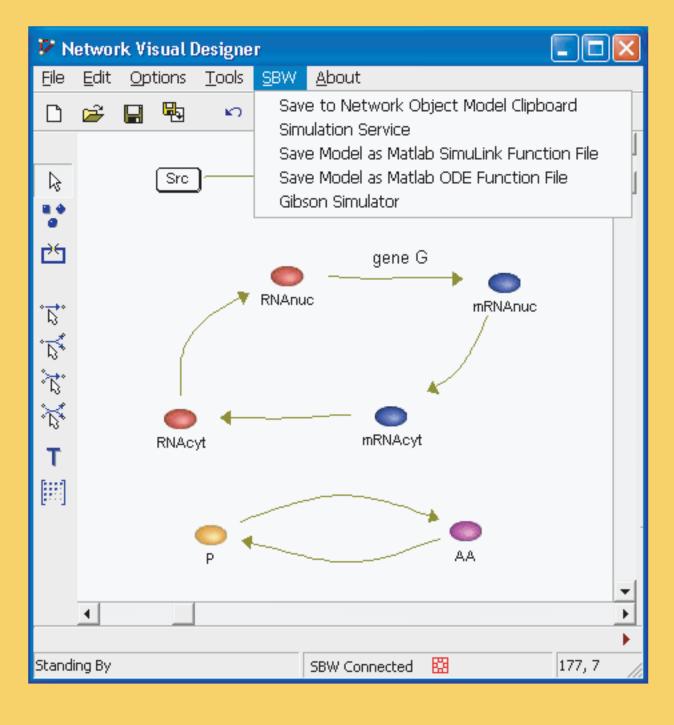
## Model Capture: Using a Visual Editor

Using the SBW-enabled JDesigner biochemical network editor, a user can create the model using a graphical interface.



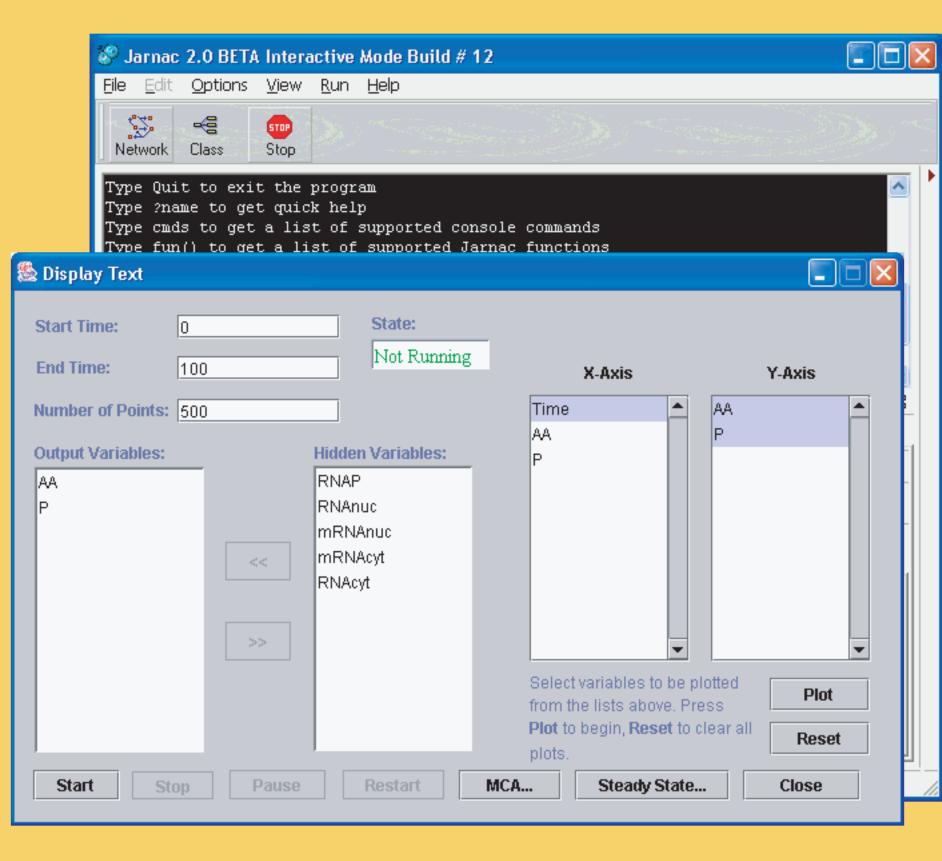
#### Model Simulation: Exchanging Models via SBW

An application such as
JDesigner can dynamically
create a menu of tools with
which it can interact,
by querying SBW to find
all installed SBW-enabled
packages that provide
services for processing
biochemical models.



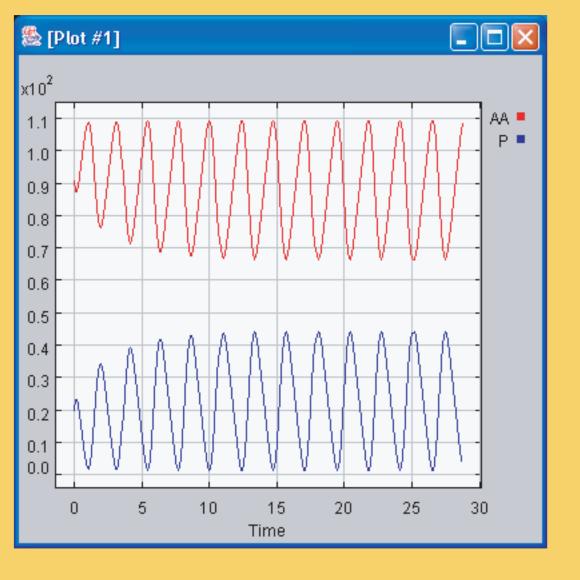
Here, picking the menu item "Simulation Service" invokes a generic simulation control GUI, which in turn invokes

Jarnac, an ODE-based simulator for biochemical reaction networks.



# Model Visualization and Analysis

Setting the run parameters for the simulation and selecting the output variables in the simulation control GUI allows the user to plot the values of quantities over time. The plot at the right shows how the concentrations of *AA* and *P* in the model oscillate over time.



A user can also perform other analyses on the model via SBW, e.g., by invoking the bifurcation analysis module.

# **Third-Party Modules Available For SBW**

- Jarnac, a biochemical simulation package for Windows
- JDesigner, a visual biochemical network layout tool
- Pasadena Twain, a simple interactive ODE solver
- A **stochastic simulator** based on Gillespie's algorithm
- A bifurcation analysis module
- An optimization module
- An SBML validator for checking SBML model files
- An **inspector** that lists running modules & their services

## **Coming Attractions**

More open-source developers are joining the SBW project, and together we are enhancing and extending SBW in many ways. Here is a preview of coming attractions:

- Support for JDK 1.4
- Support for MacOS X
- Bidirectional SOAP-SBW gateway
- MATLAB scripting interface
- New modules, including:
- Improved generic GUI for simulators
- Improved, full-featured plot module
- New simulation engines

### **How to Get Started with SBW**

The SBW version 1.0 package and extensive documentation are available from the project web site,

http://www.sbw-sbml.org/.

SBW is distributed under the terms of the GNU LGPL.

## Acknowledgments

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